

# Sierra – Sacramento Valley EMS Agency Treatment Protocol

**Pulseless Arrest** 

C-1

Approval: Troy M. Falck, MD – Medical Director	Effective: 12/01/2020
Approval: Victoria Pinette – Executive Director	Next Review: 09/2023

MANUAL CHEST COMPRESSIONS	MECHANICAL CHEST COMPRESSION DEVICES
<ul> <li>Rate: 100-120/min</li> <li>Depth: 2 inches, allow full chest recoil</li> <li>Minimize interruptions (≤10 secs)</li> <li>Rotate compressors every 2 mins</li> <li>Perform CPR during AED/defibrillator charging</li> <li>Resume CPR immediately after shock</li> </ul>	Indications       Contraindications         • Adult pt (≥15 yo)       • Pt does not fit in the device cardiac arrest         • Non-traumatic cardiac arrest       • 3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester pregnancy         Apply following completion of at least one manual CPR cycle, or at the end of a subsequent cycle

## **DEFIBRILLATION & GENERAL PT MANAGEMENT**

- Analyze rhythm & check pulse after every 2 min CPR cycle
- Biphasic manual defibrillation detail:
  - Follow manufacturer's recommendations
- If unknown, start at 200 J (subsequent doses should be equivalent or higher)
- Movement of pt may interrupt CPR or prevent adequate depth and rate of compressions
- Consider resuscitation on scene up to 30 mins
- Go to ROSC protocol (C-2) if ROSC is obtained

### ADVANCED AIRWAY MANAGEMENT

- Consider/establish advanced airway at appropriate time during resuscitation
- Do not interrupt chest compressions to establish an advanced airway
- Waveform capnography (if available) shall be used on all patients with an advanced airway in place
- An abrupt increase in PETCO<sub>2</sub> is indicative of ROSC
- Persistently low PETCO<sub>2</sub> levels (<10 mmHG) suggest ROSC is unlikely

#### **CONSIDER REVERSIBLE CAUSES\***

- **H**ypovolemia
- Hypoxia
- Hydrogen Ion (acidosis)
- **H**ypo-/hyperkalemia
- Hypothermia
- Tamponade, cardiac
- Tension pneumothorax
- Thrombosis, pulmonary
- Thrombosis, cardiac
- Toxins

# Base/Modified Base Hospital Physician Order\*\*

TERMINATION OF RESUSCITATION

- If resuscitation attempts do not obtain ROSC, consider termination of resuscitation efforts
- BLS termination of resuscitation criteria (all):
  - (1) Arrest not witnessed by EMS
  - (2) No AED shocks delivered
  - (3) No ROSC after 3 rounds of CPR/AED analysis
- ALS Termination of Resuscitation Criteria (all):
  - (1) Arrest not witnessed by EMS
  - (2) No effective bystander CPR was provided, or effective CPR cannot be maintained
  - (3) No ROSC after full ALS care
- \*\*In the event of communication failure, EMS personnel may terminate resuscitation, without a base/modified base hospital physician order, on a pt who meets ALS termination of resuscitation criteria.

\*Contact the base/modified base hospital for consultation & treatment/medication orders not specifically listed in this protocol or other applicable policies/protocols

# **SEE PAGE 2 FOR TREATMENT ALGORITHM**



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